

Cattle Breeds

ANSC

Angus

- British Breed
- Polled, Black in Color
- Originally from Scotland
- First in US in 1873 in Kansas
- High % Marbling
- Good Mothering Ability



Ayshire

- Dairy Breed
- Red and White in color
- Horned
- Heartiness and high vigor
- In US in 1822 in Connecticut
- Do well in rough terrain such as New England
- Good milk producer and moderate butterfat breed
- AVG 12,000 lbs. and 3.9%



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Beefmaster

- American Breed
- Lasater Ranch in Texas
1908
- $< \frac{1}{2}$ Brahman
- $> \frac{1}{4}$ Shorthorn
- $> \frac{1}{4}$ Hereford
- Six Essentials – Weight, Conformation, Milking Ability, Fertility, Hardiness, and Disposition



Belted Galloway

- British Breed
- Oreo Color Pattern
- Black with White Belt
- In US in 1950 in Penn.
- Parental Breed is Galloway



Braford

- American Breed
- 3/8 Brahman
- 5/8 Hereford
- Made in Florida in 1947
- Early Puberty, fertility, calving ease, optimal milk production, maternal



Brahman

- American Breed
- Traditionally Gray or Red in Color, Hump, Loose Skin, Big Ears, Horned, and Round Hip
- *Bos indicus* from India
- 1849 in the US in S.C.
- Hardy, heat tolerant, adaptable, disease resistant



Black Brangus

- American
- 3/8 Brahman
- 5/8 Angus
- Louisiana in 1932
- Solid Black and Polled
- Slight hump and loose skin and sheath



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Braunvieh

- Dairy Breed
- Braunvieh means brown cow in German
- Import in US in 1869
- Mousy brown, light color around muzzle, and underline and legs are a lighter shade
- Lower milk yield and average milk fat and protein



Brown Swiss

- Dairy Breed
- From Switzerland
- To US in 1869 in Mass.
- Declared a Breed in the U.S. in 1906
- Similar to the Braunvieh in characteristics.
- Darker in color and may have a dorsal stripe



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Charolais

- Continental/ European Breed
- Originally from France
- To US from Mexico in 1936 to the King Ranch
- Heavy Muscled and White in Color



Gelbvieh

- European Breed
- To US in 1971 by way of Semen
- Red in Color and Horned, some of the US are Polled
- Superior Fertility, Calving Ease, Mothering Ability, Growth Rates



Guernsey

- Dairy Breed
- From France
- To US in 1840 in N.Y.
- High butterfat and milk protein
- Red in color with white spots and white in flank



(Horned) Hereford

- English/British Breed
- To US in 1817 in KY.
- Red in color with white face, white underline, switch, and may have a white feather.
- Horned
- Good carcass with good maternal characteristics



Holstein

- Dairy Breed
- To US in 1852 in Mass.
- Black and white in color
- Large frame size
- High volume of milk production



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Jersey

- Dairy
- To the US in 1850s
- Good Milking characteristics in volume and butterfat
- Moderate in size
- Bulls are very aggressive



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Limousin

- European Breed
- French Breed
- Golden Red in color although some of today's are black
- To US in early 1960s
- Appear to be longer and have a large hindquarter



Maine Anjou

- European Breed
- NW France
- Light Red Color with white marking on head, belly, rear legs, and tail
- Larger frame size
- To Canada in 1969
- To US via way of Semen



Polled Hereford

- British breed
- Late 1890s a desire for polled(hornless) cattle
- 1901 Breed established with 11 naturally polled Herefords
- Same color pattern to Herefords
- Good carcass with good maternal characteristics



Red Angus

- British Breed
- First registered in US in 1890 – 22 head
- Red in Color and Polled
- High % Marbling
- Good Mothering Ability
- Red Angus Association of America formed in 1954



Red Brangus

- American Breed
- $\frac{3}{8}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{5}{8}$ Brahman
- $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{8}$ Angus
- Early 1940s
- Solid Red and Polled
- Slight hump and loose skin and sheath
- Started within Texas



Santa Gertrudis

- American Breed
- Approx 5/8 Shorthorn
- Approx 3/8 Brahman
- Developed on the King Ranch in Texas
- Started in 1918
- Cherry Red in color with loose hide, small hump, and large ears
- Can be horned or polled



Shorthorn

- British Breed
- From England
- To US in 1783 to VA
- Can be either solid, patterned, or roan in color and either red or blue
- American Herd Book in 1846
- Good Maternal Breed that is adaptable



Simmental

- European Breed
- To US in 1887 to Illinois
- From Switzerland
- Good Milking breed that has good muscling
- Red and white spotting and typically have a blaze face



Texas Longhorn

- Christopher Columbus in 1493 to the Caribbean
- Hearty, adaptable
- Large horn set, red to blue coloring that is either patterned or roan
- Naturally adapted to America and can handle the environment
- Possible to have 7 ft horns tip to tip

